

## **SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

### **1.1. Product identifier**

Product code : Hygienfresh Detergente Black Premium  
Trades code : A39-515  
Product line: Hygienfresh

### **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Deo concentrated detergent  
Sectors of use:  
Industrial Manufacturing[SU3]

Uses advised against  
Do not use for purposes other than those listed

### **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Tintolav s.r.l. - Via M. D' Antona 7 - 10028 Trofarello (TO) Tel. 011/649.68.27 Fax 011/649.67.42

Email: [info@tintolav.com](mailto:info@tintolav.com) - Sito internet: [www.tintolav.com](http://www.tintolav.com)

Email tecnico competente: [a.conedera@tintolav.com](mailto:a.conedera@tintolav.com)

National contact: Malta: Emergency Ambulance 112  
Accident & Emergency Department 2545 4030

### **1.4. Emergency telephone number**

The UK National Poisons Emergency number +44 (0)870 600 6266  
London: Emergency 24 hour telephone +44 (0) 207188 0100

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### **2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:  
GHS07

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):  
Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2

Hazard statement Code(s):  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

If brought into contact with eyes, the product causes significant irritations which may last for more than 24 hours, if brought into contact with skin, it causes significant inflammation with erythema, scabs, or edema

### **2.2. Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):  
GHS07 - Warning



**Hazard statement Code(s):**

- H315 - Causes skin irritation.
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

**Supplemental Hazard statement Code(s):**

EUH208 - Contains  $\alpha$ -Hexylcinnamaldehyde, reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

**Precautionary statements:**

**General**

- P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention**

- P264 - Wash your hand thoroughly after handling.

**Response**

- P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
- P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

**Contains:**

Coco glucoside, Coconut diethanolamide, diethanolamine, 2,6-dimethyloct-7-en-2-ol, p-menth-1-en-8-olo, Steareth-21, Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate, Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate, 2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol

**Contains (Reg. EC 648/2004):**

5% < 15% non-ionic surfactants, < 5% Dye, enzymes, Miscela di: 5-cloro-2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]; 2-metil-2H-isotiazol-3-one [EC no. perfumes, anionic surfactants,  $\alpha$ -Hexylcinnamaldehyde, Linalool, D-Limonene ((S)-p-menta-1,8-diene)

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,11 %

**2.3. Other hazards**

The substance / mixture NOT contains substances PBT/vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII

No information on other hazards

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.1 Substances**

Irrilevant

**3.2 Mixtures**

Refer to paragraph 16 for full text of hazard statements

Substance	Concentration	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACH
Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate	> 5 <= 10%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319		68891-38-3	500-234-8	01-2119488 639-16
Fatty alcohol ethoxylate	> 1 <= 5%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Dam. 1, H318		64425-86-1		02-2119548 515-35-000 0
Coconut diethanolamide	> 1 <= 5%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319		68603-42-9	271-657-0	
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	> 0,1 <= 1%	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		102-71-6	203-049-8	01-2119486 428-31-xxxx
cellulase	> 0,1 <= 1%	Resp. Sens. 1, H334	647-002-00-3	9012-54-8	232-734-4	

Substance	Concentration	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACH

## SECTION 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Air the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated area. If you feel unwell seek medical advice.

#### Direct contact with skin (of the pure product):

Take contaminated clothing Immediately off.

Wash immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap, the areas of the body that have, or are only suspected to have, come in contact with the product.

In case of contact with skin, wash immediately with water and soap.

#### Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product):

Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water, keeping eyelids open for at least 10 minutes, then protect your eyes with a dry sterile gauze. Seek medical advice immediately

#### Ingestion:

Not hazardous. It's possible to give activated charcoal in water or liquid paraffin medicine

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Advised extinguishing agents:

Water spray, CO2, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

#### Extinguishing means to avoid:

Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use protection for the breathing apparatus

Safety helmet and full protective suit.

The spray water can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction

You may also use selfrespirator, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated area and if you use halogenated extinguishers (Halon 1211 fluobrene, Solkan 123, NAF, etc...)

Keep containers cool with water spray

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

#### 6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:

Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke  
Wear gloves and protective clothing

#### 6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Wear gloves and protective clothing  
Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. No smoking.  
Provision of sufficient ventilation.  
Evacuate the danger area and, in case, consult an expert.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Contain spill with earth or sand.

If the product has entered a watercourse in sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify it to the authorities.  
Discharge the remains in compliance with the regulations

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

#### 6.3.1 For containment:

Rapidly recover the product, wear a mask and protective clothing  
Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material.  
Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

#### 6.3.2 For cleaning up:

After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

#### 6.3.3 Other information:

None in particular.

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors

At work do not eat or drink.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

See also paragraph 8 below.

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.

Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.

Store in a cool place, away from sources of heat and direct exposure of sunlight.

### **7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Industrial Manufacturing:

Handle with extreme caution.

Store in a well ventilated place away from heat sources.

## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1. Control parameters**

Related to contained substances:  
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol:  
TWA: 5 from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [2001]

**8.2. Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls:  
Industrial Manufacturing:  
No specific monitoring foreseen



Individual protection measures:

- (a) Eye / face protection  
Not needed for normal use.
- (b) Skin protection
  - (i) Hand protection  
When handling the pure product use chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374-1/EN374-2/EN374-3)
  - (ii) Other  
Wear normal work clothing.
- (c) Respiratory protection  
Not needed for normal use.
- (d) Thermal hazards  
No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:  
Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Appearance	transparent, colorless liquid	
Odour	characteristic	
Odour threshold	not determined	
pH	7	
Melting point/freezing point	not determined	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined	
Flash point	Non infiammabile	
Evaporation rate	irrelevant	
Flammability (solid, gas)	non infiammabile	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	

Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Vapour pressure	not determined	
Vapour density	not determined	
Relative density	1,000 - 1,040	
Solubility	completely soluble	
Water solubility	completely soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determined	
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined	
Decomposition temperature	not determined	
Viscosity	not determined	
Explosive properties	not explosive	
Oxidising properties	non-oxidizing	

## 9.2. Other information

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,11 %

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazards

### 10.2. Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

There are no hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Nothing to report

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

It can generate inflammable gases to contact with elementary metals, nitrides, inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

It can generate toxic gases to contact with inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

ATE(mix) oral = 55.329,0 mg/kg  
ATE(mix) dermal = 317.460,3 mg/kg  
ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

- (a) acute toxicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- (b) skin corrosion/irritation: If brought into contact with the skin, the product causes significant inflammation with erythema, scabs, or edema.  
Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate: Acute effects: contact with eyes will cause irritation; symptoms may include: redness, edema, pain and tears.  
Through contact with the skin has irritation with erythema, edema, dryness and cracking.  
Coconut diethanolamide: Irritating
- (c) serious eye damage/irritation: If brought into contact with eyes, the product, causes significant irritations which may last for more than 24 hours.  
Coconut diethanolamide: Acute Irritazione\Corrosione eyes
- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization: Coconut diethanolamide: Non-sensitizing
- (e) germ cell mutagenicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- (f) carcinogenicity: Coconut diethanolamide: IARC Group 2B carcinogen-possible carcinogenic to humans
- (g) reproductive toxicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- (h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- (i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- (j) aspiration hazard: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Related to contained substances:

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:  
LD50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)  
Via Inhalation Administration:  
Test species: rat  
Value: 4100 mg/kg

Specification: LD50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)  
Via Dermal intake:  
Test species: rat  
Value: > 2000 mg/kg  
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 2000  
LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000  
CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 4100

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate:  
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 3100

Coconut diethanolamide:  
Ingestion: oral rat LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg  
Eye contact: irritating to the eye (rabbit). Can cause irreversible damage to the eye.  
Skin contact: moderately irritating for a single application (4 h-rabbit)  
Readily biodegradable in accordance with the criteria of Directive 67/548 and subsequent modifications.  
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

2,2',2"-nitrioltriethanol:  
Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact.  
Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2200 mg/kg [Rabbit].  
Chronic Effects on Humans:  
CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC.  
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells.  
May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, skin.  
Other Toxic Effects on Humans:  
Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:

LD50 [Rat] - Route: Oral; Dose: 4920 ul/kg

LD50 [Rabbit] - Route: Skin; Dose: >20ml/kg

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

May cause cancer (tumorigenic) based on animal data.

May affect genetic material (mutagen): cytogenic analysis (human lymphocyte) = 100 umol/L; sister chromatid exchange (human lymphocyte) = 1mmol/L.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects:

Skin: May cause skin irritation with burning pain, itching, and redness. May be absorbed through the skin and affect the liver, metabolism, and urinary tract.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation with tearing and burning pain. May cause transient corneal injury.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal (digestive) tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. May also affect behavior, sense organs, liver and urinary system.

Inhalation: Inhalation of mist may cause respiratory tract irritation. May also affect the liver, blood, urinary system and cardiovascular system.

Chronic Potential Health Effects: May cause liver and kidney damage. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin necrosis and /or ulceration of the skin.

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

cellulase:

Acute oral toxicity

Parameter: LD50 (Cellulases, No. CAS: 9012-54-8)

Exposure route: Oral

Species: Rat

Effective dose:> 2880 mg / kg dw

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 2880

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Related to contained substances:

Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:

LC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Fish

Danio Rerio

Value = 7.1 mg/l

For. test: 96 h

Specification: EC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Daphnia

Daphnia magna

Value = 7.2 mg/l

For. test: 48 h

Specification: EC50 (alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfated, sodium salts; CAS No.: 68891-38-3)

Parametro: Algae

Scenedesmus subspicatus

Value = 27 mg/l

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 7,1

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate:

Ittiotossicit:

LC50 (96 h) 1-10 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio

Aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (48 h) 1-10 mg/l Daphnia magna

Aquatic plants:

EC50 (72 h) 1-10 mg/l *Scenedesmus subspicatus*  
Microorganisms/effects on activated sludge:  
CE10 > 1,000 mg/l, activated sludge (DEV-L2)  
Chronic toxic to aquatic invertebrates:  
NOEC (21 d), 0.33 mg/l *Daphnia magna*  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1

Coconut diethanolamide:  
Acute/prolonged toxicity to fish: (83d) 2.52 mg/l (*brachydanio rerio*)  
Acute toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50 (12:0 am) 2.8 mg/l (*daphnia Magna*)  
Primary: Biodegradabilit > 90% (OECD)  
Easy Biodegradabilit: 60% > (manometric Tests, O2 consumption)  
Theoretical O2 demand (thod) 2.52 mg O2/mg.  
Chemical O2 demand (COD): 2.51 mg O2/mg.  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 2,39

2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol:  
Ecotoxicity: Not available.  
BOD5 and COD: Not available.  
Products of Biodegradation:  
Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.  
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.  
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1390

cellulase:  
Acute (short-term) toxicity on fish  
Parameter: LC50 (CELLULASES; CAS No. 9012-54-8)  
Species: *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (Trout iris)  
Effective dose:> 100 mg / l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Acute (short-term) toxicity to dafnie  
Parameter: EC50 (CELLULASES, CAS No. 9012-54-8)  
Species: *Daphnia magna* (big flea of water)  
Effective dose:> 100 mg / l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Acute (short-term) toxicity to algae  
Parameter: EC50 (CELLULASES, CAS No. 9012-54-8)  
Species: *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata*  
Effective dose:> 100 mg / l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 100

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Related to contained substances:  
Sodium Lauryl Ether sulfate:  
Easily biodegradable

Fatty alcohol ethoxylate:  
Disposal considerations:  
> = 90% the bismuth active substance (OECD guideline 303A)  
60% > CO2 formation of theoretical value (28 d) (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, c. 4-C)

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available.

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

No data available.

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

The substance / mixture NOT contains substances PBT/vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII

**12.6. Other adverse effects**

No adverse effects

**SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.  
Recover if possible. Operate according to local or national regulations

**SECTION 14. Transport information**

**14.1. UN number**

Not included in the scope of application regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

**14.2. UN proper shipping name**

None

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

None

**14.4. Packing group**

None

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

None

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

No data available.

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**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code**

It is not intended to carry bulk

**SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

REGULATION (EU) No 1357/2014 - waste:  
HP4 - Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

The supplier has made an assessment of chemical safety

**SECTION 16. Other information**

**16.1. Other information**

Description of the hazard statements exposed to point 3

- H315 = Causes skin irritation.
- H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.
- H302 = Harmful if swallowed.
- H318 = Causes serious eye damage.
- H334 = May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Classification based on data of all mixture components

Main normative references:

- Directive 1999/45/EC
- Directive 2001/60/EC
- Regulation 1272/2008/EC
- Regulation 2010/453/EC

\*\* The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above.

Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of a particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that these are appropriate and complete information regarding the specific use intended.

This data sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.

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