

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product code : Tintolav Jolly Smak
Trades code : A01-000
Product line: Tintolav

UFI: FET0-S064-E003-FG30

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Wash Strengtheners for perchloroethylene can also be used in stain removal

Sectors of use:

Industrial Manufacturing[SU3], Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)[SU22]

Uses advised against

Do not use for purposes other than those listed

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Tintolav s.r.l. - Via M. D'Antona 7 - 10028 Trofarello (TO) Tel. 011/649.68.27 Fax 011/649.67.42

Email: info@tintolav.com - Sito internet: www.tintolav.com

Email tecnico competente: a.conedera@tintolav.com

National contact: Malta: Emergency Ambulance 112
Accident & Emergency Department 2545 4030

1.4. Emergency telephone number

The UK National Poisons Emergency number +44 (0)870 600 6266
London: Emergency 24 hour telephone +44 (0) 207188 0100

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:

GHS05, GHS07

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):
Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1

Hazard statement Code(s):

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful product: do not ingest

If brought into contact with the skin, the product causes significant inflammation with erythema, scabs, or edema.

If brought into contact with eyes, the product causes serious damages to eyes, such as an opaque cornea or injury to iris.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):
GHS05, GHS07 - DangerHazard statement Code(s):
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.Supplemental Hazard statement Code(s):
not applicable

Precautionary statements:

Prevention

P264 - Wash your hand thoroughly after handling.
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contains:

Coconut diethanolamide, diethanolamine, Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Contains (Reg.EC 648/2004):

15% < 30% anionic surfactants, non-ionic surfactants

For professional use only

UFI: FET0-S064-E003-FG30

2.3. Other hazards

The substance / mixture NOT contains substances PBT/vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII

No information on other hazards

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**3.1 Substances**

Irrelevant

3.2 Mixtures

Refer to paragraph 16 for full text of hazard statements

| Substance | Concentration[w/w] | Classification | Index | CAS | EINECS | REACH |
|-----------|------------------------|----------------|-------|-----|--------|-------|
|-----------|------------------------|----------------|-------|-----|--------|-------|

| Substance | Concentration[w/w] | Classification | Index | CAS | EINECS | REACH |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| Coconut diethanolamide | >= 25 < 35% | Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318 | ND | 68603-42-9 | 271-657-0 | NR |
| Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate | >= 15 < 25% | Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | ND | 25155-30-0 | 246-680-4 | NR |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | >= 15 < 25% | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | 603-096-00-8 | 112-34-5 | 203-961-6 | NR |
| diethanolamine | >= 1 < 5% | Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT RE 2, H373 | 603-071-00-1 | 111-42-2 | 203-868-0 | NR |

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Air the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated room.
CALL A PHYSICIAN.

If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.

Direct contact with skin (of the pure product):

Take contaminated clothing Immediately off.

Wash immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap, the areas of the body that have, or are only suspected to have, come in contact with the product.

In case of contact with skin, wash immediately with water and soap.

Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product):

Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water, keeping eyelids open for at least 10 minutes, then protect your eyes with a dry sterile gauze. Seek medical advice immediately

Do not use eye drops or ointments of any kind before the examination or advice from an oculist.

Ingestion:

The product is harmful and can cause irreversible damages even following a single exposure if swallowed.
Absolutely do not induce vomiting or emesis. Seek medical advice immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Advised extinguishing agents:

Water spray, CO₂, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

Extinguishing means to avoid:

Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use protection for the breathing apparatus

Safety helmet and full protective suit.

The spray water can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction

You may also use selfrespirator, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated area and if you use halogenated extinguishers (Halon 1211 fluobrene, Solkan 123, NAF, etc...)

Keep containers cool with water spray

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:

Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke

Wear mask, gloves and protective clothing.

6.1.2 For emergency responders:

Wear mask, gloves and protective clothing. Suitable: LaTeX, nitrile, PVC

Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. No smoking.

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Evacuate the danger area and, in case, consult an expert.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain spill with earth or sand.

If the product has entered a watercourse in sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify it to the authorities.

Discharge the remains in compliance with the regulations

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 For containment:

Rapidly recover the product, wear a mask and protective clothing

Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material.

Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

6.3.2 For cleaning up:

After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

6.3.3 Other information:

None in particular.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

SECTION 7. Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

At work do not eat or drink.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
See also paragraph 8 below.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.
Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.
Store in a cool place, away from sources of heat and direct exposure of sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Industrial Manufacturing:
Handle with extreme caution.
Store in a well ventilated place away from heat sources.

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):
Handle with care. Store in a ventilated area and away from heat, keep the container tightly closed.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters**

Related to contained substances:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

CVE: TWA 10 ppm 67.5 mg/m³ STEL 15 ppm 101.2 mg/m³

MAK DFG 10 ppm 67 mg/m³

diethanolamine:

TLV: 2 mg/m (cute) (ACGIH 2002).

Mak: cancerogenicit class: Class 3A; Sh, H (2002)

- Substance: Coconut diethanolamide

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 73,4 (mg/m³)

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 4,16 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 21,73 (mg/m³)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 2,5 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 6,25 (mg/kg bw/day)

Local effects Long term Workers dermal = 0,09 (mg/kg bw/day)

Local effects Long term Consumers dermal = 0,0562 (mg/kg bw/day)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,007 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 0,195 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,001 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 0,019 (mg/kg/sediment)

intermittent emissions = 0,024 (mg/l)

STP = 830 (mg/l)

ground = 0,035 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 67,5 (mg/m³)

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 20 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 34 (mg/m³)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 10 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 1,25 (mg/kg bw/day)

Local effects Long term Workers inhalation = 67,5 (mg/m³)

Local effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 34 (mg/m³)

Local effects Short term Workers inhalation = 101,2 (mg/m³)

Local effects Short term Consumers inhalation = 50,6 (mg/m³)

PNEC

Sweet water = 1 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 4 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,1 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 0,44 (mg/kg/sediment)

intermittent emissions = 3,9 (mg/l)

STP = 200 (mg/l)

ground = 0,32 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: diethanolamine

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 0,13 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 0,07 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 0,06 (mg/kg bw/day)

Local effects Long term Workers inhalation = 1 (mg/m³)

Local effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 0,25 (mg/m³)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,0156 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 0,019 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,00156 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 0,0019 (mg/kg/sediment)

intermittent emissions = 0,097 (mg/l)

STP = 100 (mg/l)

ground = 0,007 (mg/kg ground)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Industrial Manufacturing:

No specific monitoring foreseen

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):

No specific monitoring foreseen

Individual protection measures:

(a) Eye / face protection

When handling the pure product use safety glasses (spectacles cage) (EN 166).

(b) Skin protection

(i) Hand protection

Manipulate with gloves. The gloves should be checked before being used. Use a technique suitable for the removal of gloves (without touching the outside of the glove) to avoid skin contact with this product dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with the legislation and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry your hands.

Selected protective gloves shall comply with the requirements of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and EN 374 standards arising therefrom.

Full contact

Material: nitrile rubber

minimum thickness: 0.11 mm

permeation time: 480 min



(ii) Other

When handling the pure product wear full protective skin clothing.

(c) Respiratory protection

Not needed for normal use.

(d) Thermal hazards

No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:

Related to contained substances:

diethanolamine:

Do not let this chemical contaminates the environment.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical and chemical properties | Value | Determination method |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Appearance | Liquid | |
| Colour | straw yellow | |
| Odour | characteristic | |
| Odour threshold | not determined | |
| pH | 8,5 - 9,5 @ 1% | |
| Melting point/freezing point | not determined | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | > 100 °C | |
| Flash point | > 65 °C | ASTM D92 |
| Evaporation rate | irrelevant | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | nonflammable | |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | not determined | |
| Vapour pressure | not determined | |
| Vapour density | not determined | |
| Relative density | 0,960 - 1,050 g/cm3 | |
| Solubility | not determined | |
| Water solubility | irrelevant | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not determined | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | not determined | |
| Decomposition temperature | not determined | |
| Viscosity | not determined | |
| Explosive properties | not explosive | |
| Oxidising properties | non-oxidizing | |

9.2. Other information

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 0,00 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

No reactivity hazards

10.2. Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

There are no hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Related to contained substances:
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:
Avoid contact with air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

It can generate inflammable gases to contact with elementary metals, nitrides, inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.
It can generate toxic gases to contact with inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

ATE(mix) oral = 1.970,6 mg/kg
ATE(mix) dermal = 9.434,0 mg/kg
ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

- (a) acute toxicity: Harmful product: do not ingest
(b) skin corrosion/irritation: If brought into contact with the skin, the product causes significant inflammation with erythema, scabs, or edema.
Coconut diethanolamide: Irritating
Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: Skin irritation-not irritating (2.5%), moderate irritation (5%), moderate-severe irritation (47-50%).
diethanolamine: irritating
(c) serious eye damage/irritation: If brought into contact with eyes, the product causes serious damages to eyes, such as an opaque cornea or injury to iris.
Coconut diethanolamide: Acute Irritazione\Corrosione eyes
Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: Eye irritation-mild irritation (1%); moderate irritation (5%), and severe irritation (47-50%)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol: Eyes-rabbit Result: Mild eye irritation-24h
diethanolamine: Severely irritating
(d) respiratory or skin sensitisation: Coconut diethanolamide: Non-sensitizing

(e) germ cell mutagenicity: 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol: Mutagenicity-Bacterial,: negative +/-activation

Chromosomal aberration,: negative +/-activation

Mutagenicity-Mammalian,: negative +/-activation

(f) carcinogenicity: Coconut diethanolamide: IARC Group 2B carcinogen-possible carcinogenic to humans

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate: IARC: no component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% identified as known or anticipated carcinogen by IARC.

diethanolamine: IARC: Group 3-3: not classifiable regarding its carcinogenicity for man

(g) reproductive toxicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(j) aspiration hazard: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Related to contained substances:

Coconut diethanolamide:

Ingestion: oral rat LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg

Eye contact: irritating to the eye (rabbit). Can cause irreversible damage to the eye.

Skin contact: moderately irritating for a single application (4 h-rabbit)

Readily biodegradable in accordance with the criteria of Directive 67/548 and subsequent modifications.

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 438

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

INHALATION RISK: A harmful contamination of air can be reached slowly for evaporation of this substance at 20 °C; However, for spraying or scattering, much more quickly.

Effects of short-term exposure: the substance is irritating to eyes the effects of REPEATED EXPOSURE or long term: the liquid degreasing the skin features.

ACUTE HAZARDS/symptoms dry SKIN.

EYE Redness. Pain.

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 1720

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2700

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 374

diethanolamine:

ROUTES of EXPOSURE: the substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its fumes and ingestion.

INHALATION RISK: A dangerous air contamination will not be reached or the substance only very slowly by evaporation of the substance at 20 °C.

Effects of short-term exposure: the substance is corrosive to the eyes.

Effects of REPEATED EXPOSURE or long-term repeated or prolonged Contact may cause skin sensitization. The substance may have effects on the liver kidneys ACUTE HAZARDS/symptoms EYES Reddening. Pain. Severe deep burns.

INGESTION abdominal pain. Burning sensation.

DO NOT and not bring home work clothes.

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 710

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 1220

11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available.

SECTION 12. Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

Related to contained substances:

Coconut diethanolamide:

Acute/prolonged toxicity to fish: (83d) 2.52 mg/l (brachydanio rerio)

Acute toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: EC50 (12:0 am) 2.8 mg/l (daphnia Magna)

Primary: Biodegradabilit > 90% (OECD)

Easy Biodegradabilit: 60% > (manometric Tests, O2 consumption)

Theoretical O2 demand (thod) 2.52 mg O2/mg.

Chemical O2 demand (COD): 2.51 mg O2/mg.

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 2,39

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1,67

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Toxic to fish Lc50-lepomismacrochirus-1,300 mg/l-96 h CL0-Leuciscus idus (dare or Golden)-> 1,000 mg/l-48 h Toxic to

daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: Ec50 Daphnia magna (water Flea grande)-2850 mg/l-48 h for Toxic Algae

Desmodesmus subspicatus Cl50-(green)-100 mg/l >-12:0 am Toxic to bacteria Lc50-Acinetobacter-1,170 mg/l-4:0 pm

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1300

diethanolamine:

The substance is harmful to aquatic organisms.

Aquatic toxic

Specification: EC50 (2.2-IMINODIETANOLO; CAS No.: 111-42-2)

Parametro: Daphnia

Daphnia magna

Value = 55 mg/l

For. test: 48 h

Specification: EC50 (2.2-IMINODIETANOLO; CAS No.: 111-42-2)

Parametro: Algae

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Value = 2.2 mg/l

For. test: 96 h

Specification: LC50 (2.2-IMINODIETANOLO; CAS No.: 111-42-2)

Parametro: Fish

Pimephales promelas

Value = 1460 mg/l

For. test: 96 h

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 2,2

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Related to contained substances:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

The substance miscible in water and would leach into the groundwater, be lost in groundwater and be biologically degraded.

85% (28 d, Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (s)) readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Related to contained substances:

Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate:

Bioaccumulation-28 leptomismacrochirus d -64 g/l

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 220

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Related to contained substances:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

The high idrosolubilit and low octanol/water partition coefficient indicates that adsorption to suspended solids and sediments are not significant

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT/vPvB ingredient is present

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No adverse effects

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.

Recover if possible. Send to authorized discharge plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. Operate according to local and National rules in force

SECTION 14. Transport information**14.1. UN number or ID number**

Not included in the scope of application regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

14.2. UN proper shipping name

None

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

None

14.4. Packing group

None

14.5. Environmental hazards

None

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

It is not intended to carry bulk

SECTION 15. Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Related to contained substances:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Restrictions relating to the product or to substances contained in annex XVII to Regulation (EC) 1907/2006.
3 product section.

Substances.

Point. 55 BUTYL DIGLYCOL

REGULATION (EU) No 1357/2014 - waste:

HP4 - Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has made an assessment of chemical safety

SECTION 16. Other information**16.1. Other information**

Points modified compared to previous release: 1.1. Product identifier, 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture, 2.2. Label elements, 2.3. Other hazards, 4.1. Description of first aid measures, 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, 7.1. Precautions for safe handling, 8.1. Control parameters, 10.4. Conditions to avoid, 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, 12.1. Toxicity, 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential, 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment, 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Description of the hazard statements exposed to point 3

H315 = Causes skin irritation.

H318 = Causes serious eye damage.

H302 = Harmful if swallowed.

H312 = Harmful in contact with skin.

H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 = May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

Classification based on data of all mixture components

Main normative references:

Directive 1999/45/EC

Directive 2001/60/EC

Regulation 1272/2008/EC

Regulation 2010/453/EC

** The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above.

Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of a particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that these are appropriate and complete information regarding the specific use intended.

This data sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.
