SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product code : Hygienfresh ammorbidente Clean Sense
Trades code : A45-024
Product line: Hygienfresh

UFI: 4AJ2-M0NE-R00V-VV1H

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Concentrated Deo Softener
Sectors of use:
Industrial Manufacturing[SU3], Private households (= general public = consumers)[SU21], Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)[SU22]

Uses advised against
Do not use for purposes other than those listed

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Tintolav s.r.l. - Via M. D' Antona 7 - 10028 Trofarello (TO) Tel. 011/649.68.27 Fax 011/649.67.42

Email: info@tintolav.com - Sito internet: www.tintolav.com

Email tecnico competente: a.conedera@tintolav.com

National contact: Malta: Emergency Ambulance 112
Accident & Emergency Department 2545 4030

1.4. Emergency telephone number

The UK National Poisons Emergency number +44 (0)870 600 6266
London: Emergency 24 hour telephone +44 (0) 207188 0100

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:
None

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):
Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard statement Code(s):
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product is dangerous to the environment as it is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

2.1.2 Additional information:

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):
None

Hazard statement Code(s):
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard statement Code(s):
EUH208 - Contains 2-benzylideneheptanal, Citronellol, Terpineol, pentyl salicylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:
General
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Disposal
P501 - Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contains (EC Regulation 648/2004):
>= 5% < 15% Cationic surfactants,< 5% Perfumes, non-ionic surfactants,terpineol - amyl cinnamal - citronellol - amyl salicylate - cinnamyl alcohol - geraniol - hexyl cinnamal - hexamethylindanopyran- isoeugenol.

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 1,53 %

UFI: 4AJ2-M0NE-R00V-VV1H

2.3. Other hazards

Based on the available data, no PBT or vPvB substances are present in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

No information on other hazards

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Irrilevant

3.2 Mixtures

Substance	Concentration[w/w]	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACh
Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd.,	>= 5 < 15%	ATE oral = 5.000,000	ND	1335202-88-4	931-203-0	01-2119463889-16-00

Substance	Concentration[w/w]	Classification	Index	CAS	EINECS	REACh
reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized		mg/kg ATE dermal = 2.000,000 mg/kg				04
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides - FEMA 0	>= 0,1 < 1%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 1 10 ATE oral = 344,000 mg/kg ATE dermal = 3.340,000 mg/kg ATE inhal = 5,000 mg/l/4 h	ND	68424-85-1	270-325-2	ND
ethanol	>= 0,1 < 1%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Limits: Eye Irrit. 2, H319 %C >=50; ATE oral = 7.060,000 mg/kg ATE dermal = 20.000,000 mg/kg ATE inhal = 116,900 mg/l/4 h	603-002-00-5	64-17-5	200-578-6	01-2119457610-43
2-benzylideneheptanal	< 0,1%	Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 ATE oral = 3.730,000 mg/kg ATE dermal = 2.000,000 mg/kg	ND	122-40-7	204-541-5	ND
Citronellol	< 0,1%	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335 ATE oral = 3.450,000 mg/kg ATE dermal = 2.650,000 mg/kg ATE inhal = 1,300 mg/l/4 h	ND	106-22-9	203-375-0	01-2119453995-23-0000
pentyl salicylate - FEMA 0	< 0,1%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 1 1 ATE oral = 15,800 mg/kg	ND	2050-08-0	218-080-2	01-2120771342-58
Isoeugenol	< 0,1%	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Limits: Skin Sens. 1A, H317 %C >=0,01;	604-094-00-X	97-54-1	202-590-7	ND

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Air the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated area. If you feel unwell seek medical advice.

Direct contact with skin (of the pure product).:
Wash thoroughly with soap and running water.

Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product).:
Wash immediately and thorougly with running water for at least 10 minutes.

Ingestion:
Not hazardous. It's possible to give activated charcoal in water or liquid paraffin medicine

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Advised extinguishing agents:
Water spray, CO2, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

Extinguishing means to avoid:
Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use protection for the breathing apparatus
Safety helmet and full protective suit.
The spray water can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction
You may also use selfrespirator, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated area and if you use halogenated extinguishers (Halon 1211 fluobrene, Solkan 123, NAF, etc...)
Keep containers cool with water spray

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:
Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke
Wear gloves and protective clothing

6.1.2 For emergency responders:
Wear gloves and protective clothing

Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. No smoking.
Provision of sufficient ventilation.
Evacuate the danger area and, in case, consult an expert.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain spill with earth or sand.
If the product has entered a watercourse in sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify it to the authorities.
Discharge the remains in compliance with the regulations

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 For containment:
Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material.
Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

6.3.2 For cleaning up:
After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

6.3.3 Other information:
None in particular.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors
At work do not eat or drink.
See also paragraph 8 below.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.
Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.
Store in a cool place, away from sources of heat and `direct exposure of sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Industrial Manufacturing:
Handle with extreme caution.
Store in a well ventilated place away from heat sources.

Private households (= general public = consumers):
Handle with care.
Store in ventilated place away from heat sources,
Keep the container tightly closed.

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):
Handle with care. Store in a ventilated area and away from heat, keep the container tightly closed.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Related to contained substances:
ethanol:
Component CAS-No. Value Control parameters
Basis
Ethanol-17-64 TWA 5 ppm 1.000
1.920 mg/m3
UK. EH40 WEL-Workplace Exposure Limits
Remarks Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used

- Substance: Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized
DNEL
Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 44 (mg/m3)
Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 312,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 13 (mg/m3)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 187,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 7,5 (mg/kg bw/day)
PNEC
Sweet water = 0,00191 (mg/l)
sediment Sweet water = 0,58 (mg/kg/sediment)
Sea water = 0,000191 (mg/l)
sediment Sea water = 0,058 (mg/kg/sediment)
STP = 2,96 (mg/l)
ground = 0,115 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides
DNEL
Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 3,96 (mg/m3)
Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 5,7 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 1,64 (mg/m3)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)
PNEC
Sweet water = 0,0009 (mg/l)
sediment Sweet water = 12,27 (mg/kg/sediment)
Sea water = 0,00096 (mg/l)
sediment Sea water = 13,09 (mg/kg/sediment)
STP = 0,4 (mg/l)
ground = 7 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: ethanol
DNEL
Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 950 (mg/m3)
Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 343 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 114 (mg/m3)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 206 (mg/kg bw/day)
Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 87 (mg/kg bw/day)
PNEC
Sweet water = 0,96 (mg/l)
sediment Sweet water = 3,6 (mg/kg/sediment)
Sea water = 0,79 (mg/l)
sediment Sea water = 2,9 (mg/kg/sediment)
STP = 580 (mg/l)
ground = 0,63 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: Citronellol
DNEL
Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 161,6 (mg/m3)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:
Industrial Manufacturing:
No specific monitoring foreseen

Private households (= general public = consumers):
No specific checks planned

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):
No specific monitoring foreseen

Individual protection measures:

(a) Eye / face protection
Not needed for normal use.

(b) Skin protection

(i) Hand protection
Manipulate with gloves. The gloves should be checked before being used. Use a technique suitable for the removal of gloves (without touching the outside of the glove) to avoid skin contact with this product dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with the legislation and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry your hands.
Selected protective gloves shall comply with the requirements of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and EN 374 standards arising therefrom.
Full contact
Material: nitrile rubber
minimum thickness: 0.11 mm
permeation time: 480 min

(ii) Other
Wear normal work clothing.

(c) Respiratory protection
Not needed for normal use.

(d) Thermal hazards
No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:
Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties	Value	Determination method
Physical state	Liquid	
Colour	Pink	
Odour	Characteristic	
Odour threshold	not determined	
Melting point/freezing point	not determined	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined	
Flammability	irrelevant	
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined	
Flash point	> 65 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined	
Decomposition temperature	not determined	
pH	3 - 4.5	
Kinematic viscosity	undefined	
Solubility	Completely soluble in water	
Water solubility	completamente solubile in acqua	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not determined	
Vapour pressure	not determined	
Density and/or relative density	0,99 - 0,9 g/cm3 @ 20 °C	
Relative vapour density	not determined	
Particle characteristics	not determined	

9.2. Other information

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 1,53 %

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Irrilevant

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Irrilevant

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazards

10.2. Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

There are no hazardous reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Nothing to report

10.5. Incompatible materials

It can generate inflammable gases to contact with elementary metals, nitrides, inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.
It can generate toxic gases to contact with inorganic solfide, strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ATE(mix) oral = 13.667,7 mg/kg
ATE(mix) dermal = ∞
ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

(a) acute toxicity: ethanol: LD50 Oral-rat-7.060 mg/kg
Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Other changes.
LC50 Inhalation-rat-10:0-20000 ppm
2-benzylideneheptanal: orl-rat LD50: 3730 mg / kg
The dermal LD50 value for alpha-amylcinnamaldehyde was calculated to be greater than 2000 mglkg.
Citronellol: orl-rat LD50:3450 mg/kg
skn-rbt LD50:2650 mg/kg
ihl-rat LCLo:1.3 mg/m3/4H
pentyl salicylate: LC50 = 15.8 mg/L 83d Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio)
(b) skincorrosion/irritation: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: rabbit Result: Method: DOT Corrosive Exposure time: 12:0 am
ethanol: Skin-rabbit
Result: Irritating to skin. -12:0 am
2-benzylideneheptanal: skn-rbt 100 mg/24H SEV
skn-gpg 100 mg/24H MOD
Citronellol: skn-rbt 100 mg/24H SEV
Skin - Human - Skin irritation - 48 h
(c) serious eye damage/irritation: ethanol: Eyes-rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation-12:0 am
(Draize Test)
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: rabbit Result: Caustic Method: DOT
(d) respiratoryorskinsensitisation: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: Buehler guinea pig Test Classification: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.
Result: not sensitizing Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Citronellol: mouse - May cause sensitization by skin contact.
(e) germ cell mutagenicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
(f) carcinogenicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
(g) eproductivetoxicity: ethanol: Reproductive toxicity-Human-female-Oral
Effects on Newborn: Apgar score (human only). Effects on Newborn: Other measures or neonatal effects.
Effects on Newborn: Drug dependence.
(h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
(i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposurebased on available data, the classification criteria are not

met.
(j) aspiration hazard: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Health hazards:
Eye contact: Accidental contact of the product with the eyes may cause irritation.
Skin contact: The product is not an irritant. Repeated and prolonged direct contact may degrease and irritate the skin, causing dermatitis in some cases.
Ingestion: The ingested product may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the throat and digestive system, resulting in abnormal digestive symptoms and intestinal disorders.
Inhalation: Prolonged exposure to vapors or mists of the product may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

Related to contained substances:
Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized:
Oral, LD50: 5000 mg / kg (rat)
Dermal, LD50:> 2000 mg / kg (rat)
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000
LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 344
LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 3340
CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 5

ethanol:
ROUTES of EXPOSURE: the substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its fumes and ingestion.
INHALATION RISK: A harmful contamination of the air will be reached quite slowly due to evaporation of the substance at 20 C.
Effects of short-term exposure: the substance is irritating to the eyes. Inhalation of high vapour can concetrazioni cause irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the central nervous system effects of REPEATED EXPOSURE or long term: the liquid degreasing the skin features. The substance may have an effect on the high central nervous system respiratory tract, causing irritation, headaches, fatigue and lack of concentration. See Notes.

ACUTE HAZARDS/Symptoms INHALATION Cough. Headaches. Fatigue. Drowsiness.
CUTE CUTE.
EYE Redness. Pain. Burning.
SWALLOWED burning sensation. Headaches. Confusion. Vertigo. State of unconsciousness.

N O T and consumption of ethanol during pregnancy can have adverse effects on the unborn child. Chronic ethanol ingestion can cause cirrhosis of the liver.
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 7060
LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 20000
CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 116,9

2-benzylideneheptanal:
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 3730
LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

Citronellol:
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 3450
LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2650
CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 1,3

pentyl salicylate:
LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 15,8

11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available.

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:
Related to contained substances:
Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized:
fish, CL50 : 1,91 mg/l (OECD 203 (96h))
daphnia, CE50 : 2,23 mg/l (EU Method C.2 (48h))
alga, CI50 : 2,14 mg/l (OECD 201 (72h))
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1,91 1
1

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 0,01
10

ethanol:
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 11200

2-benzylideneheptanal:
Fish: 96h LC50: 0.91 mg / L (Oryzias latipes)
Crustacea: 48h EC50: 0.28 mg / L (Daphnia magna)
Algae: 72h EC50: 2.3 mg / L (Selenastrum capricornutum)
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 0,28

Citronellol:
LC50 (96 h) 14,66 mg/l, Leuciscus idus
EC50 (48 h) 17 mg/l, Daphnia magna
EC50 (72 h) 2,4 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 2,4 1
1

The product is dangerous for the environment as it is toxic for aquatic organisms following acute exposure.

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Related to contained substances:
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:
Biodegradability:
OECD Confirmatory > 90% Test Method: OECD 303 A Modified SCAS Test Exposure time: 99% 7 d > Method: OECD Test 302 Evolution CO2 Concentration: 5 mg/litre Exposure time: 28 d Result: Readily biodegradable.
95.5% Method: OECD 301 B

2-benzylideneheptanal:
51% (by BOD), 81% (by TOC)

pentyl salicylate:
Pentyl 2-hydroxybenzoate is predicted to be readily degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on the available data, no PBT or vPvB substances are present in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

12.7. Other adverse effects

No adverse effects

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.
Recover if possible. Send to authorized discharge plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. Operate according to local and National rules in force

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

Not included in the scope of application regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

14.2. UN proper shipping name

None

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

None

14.4. Packing group

None

14.5. Environmental hazards

None

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

It is not intended to carry bulk

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Substances in the Candidate List (REACH Article 59)
Based on available data, no SVHC substances are present

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has made an assessment of chemical safety

SECTION 16. Other information

16.1. Other information

Description of the hazard statements exposed to point 3
H302 = Harmful if swallowed.
H312 = Harmful in contact with skin.
H314 = Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 = Causes serious eye damage.
H400 = Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 = Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H225 = Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 = May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H411 = Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H315 = Causes skin irritation.
H335 = May cause respiratory irritation.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Classification procedure: Calculation method

Main normative references:
Directive 1999/45/EC
Directive 2001/60/EC
Regulation 1272/2008/EC

Regulation 2010/453/EC

** The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above.
Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of a particular quality.
It is the duty of the user to ensure that these are appropriate and complete information regarding the specific use intended.
This data sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.