

## **SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

### **1.1. Product identifier**

Product code : Hygienfresh ammorbidente Ambra & Vanilla

Trades code : A45-023

Product line: HygienFresh

UFI: 68J2-30Y1-F00D-7HFF

### **1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Concentrated Deo Softener

Sectors of use:

Industrial Manufacturing[SU3], Private households (= general public = consumers)[SU21], Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)[SU22]

Uses advised against

Do not use for purposes other than those listed

### **1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Tintolav s.r.l. - Via M. D' Antona 7 - 10028 Trofarello (TO) Tel. 011/649.68.27 Fax 011/649.67.42

Email: [info@tintolav.com](mailto:info@tintolav.com) - Sito internet: [www.tintolav.com](http://www.tintolav.com)

Email tecnico competente: [a.conedera@tintolav.com](mailto:a.conedera@tintolav.com)

National contact: Malta: Emergency Ambulance 112

Accident & Emergency Department 2545 4030

### **1.4. Emergency telephone number**

The UK National Poisons Emergency number +44 (0)870 600 6266

London: Emergency 24 hour telephone +44 (0) 207188 0100

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### **2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:

None

Hazard Class and Category Code(s):

Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard statement Code(s):

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product is dangerous to the environment as it is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

2.1.2 Additional information:

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.

**2.2. Label elements**

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Pictogram, Signal Word Code(s):  
None

Hazard statement Code(s):  
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard statement Code(s):  
EUH208 - Contains 3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol, 1-(2,3,8,8-Tetramethyl-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydronaphthalen-2-yl)ethanone, Vanillin, Coumarin, pentyl salicylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

General

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contains (Reg.EC 648/2004):  
≥ 5% < 15% Cationic surfactants, < 5% Perfumes, Tetramethyl acetyloctahydronaphthalenes, alpha isomethyl ionone, Vanillin, Coumarin, Amyl salicylate, Hexyl cinnamal.

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 1,01 %

UFI: 68J2-30Y1-F00D-7HFF

**2.3. Other hazards**

Based on the available data, no PBT or vPvB substances are present in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

No information on other hazards

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients****3.1 Substances**

Irrilevant

**3.2 Mixtures**

| Substance                 | Concentration[<br>w/w] | Classification | Index | CAS          | EINECS    | REACH     |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| Fatty acids, C16-18 (even | ≥ 5 < 15%              |                | ND    | 1335202-88-4 | 931-203-0 | 01-211946 |

| Substance                                                                                    | Concentration[w/w]  | Classification                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Index        | CAS        | EINECS    | REACH                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized |                     | ATE oral = 5.000,000 mg/kg<br>ATE dermal = 2.000,000 mg/kg                                                                                                                                                                                  |              |            |           | 3889-16-00<br>04              |
| Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides - FEMA 0               | $\geq 0,1 < 1\%$    | Acute Tox. 4, H302;<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312;<br>Skin Corr. 1B, H314;<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318;<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410<br>1 10<br>ATE oral = 344,000 mg/kg<br>ATE dermal = 3.340,000 mg/kg<br>ATE inhal = 5,000 mg/l/4 h | ND           | 68424-85-1 | 270-325-2 | ND                            |
| 3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol - FEMA 3060                                                           | $\geq 0,1 < 1,00\%$ | Skin Irrit. 2, H315;<br>Skin Sens. 1B, H317;<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>ATE oral = 5.000,000 mg/kg<br>ATE dermal = 4.500,000 mg/kg<br>ATE inhal = 0,885 mg/l/4 h                                                                              | ND           | 78-69-3    | 201-133-9 | 01-2119638<br>275-36          |
| 1-(2,3,8,8-Tetramethyl-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydronaphthalen-2-yl)ethanone - FEMA 0            | $\geq 0,1 < 1,00\%$ | Skin Irrit. 2, H315;<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317;<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410<br>1 1<br>ATE oral = 5.000,000 mg/kg<br>ATE dermal = 5.000,000 mg/kg                                                                          | ND           | 54464-57-2 | 259-174-3 | 01-2119489<br>989-04          |
| Vanillin - FEMA 3107                                                                         | $< 0,1\%$           | Skin Sens. 1, H317;<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>ATE oral = 2.000,000 mg/kg<br>ATE dermal = 5.010,000 mg/kg                                                                                                                                     | ND           | 121-33-5   | 204-465-2 | ND                            |
| Coumarin                                                                                     | $< 0,1\%$           | Acute Tox. 3, H301;<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317;<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>ATE oral = 290,000 mg/kg<br>ATE dermal = 242,000 mg/kg                                                                                                                     | ND           | 91-64-5    | 202-086-7 | 01-2119943<br>756-26-000<br>0 |
| pentyl salicylate - FEMA 0                                                                   | $< 0,1\%$           | Acute Tox. 4, H302;<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410<br>1 1<br>ATE oral = 15,800 mg/kg                                                                                                                                     | ND           | 2050-08-0  | 218-080-2 | 01-2120771<br>342-58          |
| ethanol                                                                                      | $< 0,1\%$           | Flam. Liq. 2, H225;<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 603-002-00-5 | 64-17-5    | 200-578-6 | 01-2119457<br>610-43          |

| Substance | Concentration[ w/w] | Classification                                                                                                                                 | Index | CAS | EINECS | REACH |
|-----------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|--------|-------|
|           |                     | Limits: Eye Irrit. 2,<br>H319 %C >=50;<br>ATE oral = 7.060,000<br>mg/kg<br>ATE dermal =<br>20.000,000 mg/kg<br>ATE inhal = 116,900<br>mg/l/4 h |       |     |        |       |

## SECTION 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Air the area. Move immediately the contaminated patient from the area and keep him at rest in a well ventilated area. If you feel unwell seek medical advice.

#### Direct contact with skin (of the pure product):

Wash thoroughly with soap and running water.

#### Direct contact with eyes (of the pure product):

Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water for at least 10 minutes.

#### Ingestion:

Not hazardous. It's possible to give activated charcoal in water or liquid paraffin medicine

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Advised extinguishing agents:

Water spray, CO2, foam, dry chemical, depending on the materials involved in the fire.

#### Extinguishing means to avoid:

Water jets. Use water jets only to cool the surfaces of the containers exposed to fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use protection for the breathing apparatus

Safety helmet and full protective suit.

The spray water can be used to protect the people involved in the extinction

You may also use selfrespirator, especially when working in confined and poorly ventilated area and if you use halogenated extinguishers (Halon 1211 fluobrene, Solkan 123, NAF, etc...)

Keep containers cool with water spray

## **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

#### **6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel:**

Leave the area surrounding the spill or release. Do not smoke

Wear gloves and protective clothing

#### **6.1.2 For emergency responders:**

Wear gloves and protective clothing

Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. No smoking.

Provision of sufficient ventilation.

Evacuate the danger area and, in case, consult an expert.

### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Contain spill with earth or sand.

If the product has entered a watercourse in sewers or has contaminated soil or vegetation, notify it to the authorities.

Discharge the remains in compliance with the regulations

### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

#### **6.3.1 For containment:**

Recover the product for reuse, if possible, or for removal. Possibly absorb it with inert material.

Prevent it from entering the sewer system.

#### **6.3.2 For cleaning up:**

After wiping up, wash with water the area and materials involved

#### **6.3.3 Other information:**

None in particular.

### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

Refer to paragraphs 8 and 13 for more information

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact and inhalation of vapors

At work do not eat or drink.

See also paragraph 8 below.

### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep in original container closed tightly. Do not store in open or unlabeled containers.

Keep containers upright and safe by avoiding the possibility of falls or collisions.

Store in a cool place, away from sources of heat and direct exposure of sunlight.

### **7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Industrial Manufacturing:

Handle with extreme caution.

Store in a well ventilated place away from heat sources.

Private households (= general public = consumers):

Handle with care.  
Store in ventilated place away from heat sources,  
Keep the container tightly closed.

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):  
Handle with care. Store in a ventilated area and away from heat, keep the container tightly closed.

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Related to contained substances:

ethanol:

Component CAS-No. Value Control parameters

Basis

Ethanol-17-64 TWA 5 ppm 1.000

1.920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

UK. EH40 WEL-Workplace Exposure Limits

Remarks Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used

- Substance: Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 44 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 312,5 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 13 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 187,5 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 7,5 (mg/kg bw/day)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,00191 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 0,58 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,000191 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 0,058 (mg/kg/sediment)

STP = 2,96 (mg/l)

ground = 0,115 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 3,96 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 5,7 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 1,64 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 3,4 (mg/kg bw/day)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,0009 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 12,27 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,00096 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 13,09 (mg/kg/sediment)

STP = 0,4 (mg/l)

ground = 7 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: 1-(2,3,8,8-Tetramethyl-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydronaphthalen-2-yl)ethanone

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 1,76 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 1,73 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Short term Workers inhalation = 1,76 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

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Systemic effects Short term Workers dermal = 1,73 (mg/kg bw/day)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,0028 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 3,73 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,00028 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 0,75 (mg/kg/sediment)

ground = 0,705 (mg/kg ground)

- Substance: ethanol

DNEL

Systemic effects Long term Workers inhalation = 950 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Workers dermal = 343 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers inhalation = 114 (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers dermal = 206 (mg/kg bw/day)

Systemic effects Long term Consumers oral = 87 (mg/kg bw/day)

PNEC

Sweet water = 0,96 (mg/l)

sediment Sweet water = 3,6 (mg/kg/sediment)

Sea water = 0,79 (mg/l)

sediment Sea water = 2,9 (mg/kg/sediment)

STP = 580 (mg/l)

ground = 0,63 (mg/kg ground)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Industrial Manufacturing:

No specific monitoring foreseen

Private households (= general public = consumers):

No specific checks planned

Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen):

No specific monitoring foreseen

Individual protection measures:

(a) Eye / face protection

Not needed for normal use.

(b) Skin protection

(i) Hand protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be checked before use. Use a technique suitable for removing gloves (without touching the outer surface of the glove) to avoid the skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with current legislation and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry your hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the requirements of EU directive 89/686 / EEC and the resulting EN 374 standards.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

minimum thickness: 0.11 mm

breakthrough time: 480 min

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The choice of an appropriate glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics which vary from one manufacturer to another.

For the choice of the type of gloves to use consult the supplier / manufacturer of the gloves.

Observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

(ii) Other

Wear normal work clothing.

(c) Respiratory protection

Not needed for normal use.

(d) Thermal hazards

No hazard to report

Environmental exposure controls:

Related to contained substances:

Vanillin:

Individual protection

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side protection according to EN166 Use eye protection tested and approved in accordance with the requirements of appropriate technical standards as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU)

Skin protection

Manipulate with gloves. The gloves should be checked before being used. Use a suitable technique for the removal of gloves (without touching the outside of the glove) to avoid skin contact with this product dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with current legislation and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry your hands.

Selected protective gloves shall comply with the requirements of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and EN 374 standards arising therefrom.

Full contact

Material: nitrile rubber

minimum thickness: 0.11 mm

Penetration time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatrill (740/KCL Aldrich Z677272, size M)

Spraying contact

Material: nitrile rubber

minimum thickness: 0.11 mm

Penetration time: 480 min

Material tested: Dermatrill (740/KCL Aldrich Z677272, size M)

Data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, tel. +49 (0) 6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

When used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions other than those mentioned in EN 374, contact the supplier of gloves approved by the EC. This recommendation applies to the Council and must be assessed by an Industrial Hygienist and a security officer aware of the specific situation of intended use by our customers. You should not be interpreted as an endorsement of a specific exposure scenario.

Physical protection

rainwear, protective equipment must be selected depending on the concentration and amount of hazardous substance in the workplace.

Respiratory protection

For low exposure levels to use respirators for dusts of P95 (US) type or of type P1 (EU EN 143). For most high security levels use cartridge type respirators OV/AG/P99 or ABEK-type P2 (EU EN 143). Use respirators and components tested and approved by the relevant standardisation bodies, such as the NIOSH (U.S.A.) CEN (EU).



Environmental exposure controls

Avoid spills or leaks, if this can be done without danger. Do not let product enter drains. The dump into the environment must be avoided.

## SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical and chemical properties                         | Value                       | Determination method |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Physical state                                           | Liquid                      |                      |
| Colour                                                   | Yellow                      |                      |
| Odour                                                    | caratteristico              |                      |
| Odour threshold                                          | not determined              |                      |
| Melting point/freezing point                             | not determined              |                      |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | not determined              |                      |
| Flammability                                             | irrelevant                  |                      |
| Lower and upper explosion limit                          | not determined              |                      |
| Flash point                                              | > 65 °C                     |                      |
| Auto-ignition temperature                                | not determined              |                      |
| Decomposition temperature                                | not determined              |                      |
| pH                                                       | 3-3,5                       |                      |
| Kinematic viscosity                                      | not determined              |                      |
| Solubility                                               | Completely soluble in water |                      |
| Water solubility                                         | Completely soluble in water |                      |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)        | not determined              |                      |
| Vapour pressure                                          | undefined                   |                      |
| Density and/or relative density                          | 0.95 - 1.02 gr/cm3          |                      |
| Relative vapour density                                  | not determined              |                      |
| Particle characteristics                                 | irrelevant                  |                      |

### 9.2. Other information

Content of VOC ready to use condition: 1,01 %

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

a) Explosives

i) sensitivity to shock

Irrilevant

ii) effect of heating under confinement

Irrilevant

iii) effect of ignition under confinement

Irrilevant

iv) sensitivity to impact  
Irrilevant

v) sensitivity to friction  
Irrilevant

vi) thermal stability  
Irrilevant

vii) package  
Irrilevant

b) Flammable gases

i) Tci / explosion limits  
Irrilevant

ii) fundamental burning velocity  
Irrilevant

c) Aerosols  
Irrilevant

d) Oxidising gases  
Irrilevant

e) Gases under pressure  
Irrilevant

f) Flammable liquids  
Irrilevant

g) Flammable solids

i) burning rate, or burning time as regards metal powders  
Irrilevant

ii) statement on whether the wetted zone has been passed  
Irrilevant

h) Self-reactive substances and mixtures

i) decomposition temperature  
Irrilevant

ii) detonation properties  
Irrilevant

iii) deflagration properties  
Irrilevant

iv) effect of heating under confinement  
Irrilevant

v) explosive power, if applicable  
Irrilevant

i) Pyrophoric liquids

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Irrilevant

j) Pyrophoric solids

i) statement on whether spontaneous ignition occurs when poured or within five minutes thereafter, as regards solids in powder form

Irrilevant

ii) statement on whether pyrophoric properties could change over time

Irrilevant

k) Self-heating substances and mixtures

i) statement on whether spontaneous ignition occurs and the maximum temperature rise obtained

Irrilevant

ii) results of screening tests referred to in section 2.11.4.2 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, if relevant and available

Irrilevant

l) Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water. The following information may be provided

i) identity of the emitted gas, if known

Irrilevant

ii) statement on whether the emitted gas ignites spontaneously

Irrilevant

iii) gas evolution rate

Irrilevant

m) Oxidising liquids

Irrilevant

n) Oxidizing solids

Irrilevant

o) Organic peroxides

i) decomposition temperature

Irrilevant

ii) detonation properties

Irrilevant

iii) deflagration properties

Irrilevant

iv) effect of heating under confinement

Irrilevant

v) explosive power

Irrilevant

p) Corrosive to metals

i) metals that are corroded by the substance or mixture

Irrilevant

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ii) corrosion rate and statement on whether it refers to steel or aluminium

Irrilevant

iii) reference to other sections of the safety data sheet with regard to compatible or incompatible materials

Irrilevant

q) Desensitised explosives

i) desensitising agent used

Irrilevant

ii) exothermic decomposition energy

Irrilevant

iii) corrected burning rate (Ac)

Irrilevant

iv) explosive properties of the desensitised explosive in that state

Irrilevant

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

a) mechanical sensitivity

Irrilevant

b) self-accelerating polymerisation temperature

Irrilevant

c) formation of explosible dust/air mixtures

Irrilevant

d) acid/alkaline reserve

Irrilevant

e) evaporation rate

Irrilevant

f) miscibility

Irrilevant

g) conductivity

Irrilevant

h) corrosiveness

Irrilevant

i) gas group

Irrilevant

j) redox potential

Irrilevant

k) radical formation potential

Irrilevant

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- l) photocatalytic properties  
Irrelevant

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazards

### 10.2. Chemical stability

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

There are no hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Nothing to report

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

It can generate inflammable gases to contact with elementary metals, nitrides, inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

It can generate toxic gases to contact with inorganic sulfide, strong reducing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Does not decompose when used for intended uses.

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

ATE(mix) oral = 14.693,9 mg/kg

ATE(mix) dermal = ∞

ATE(mix) inhal = ∞

(a) acute toxicity: 1-(2,3,8,8-Tetramethyl-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydronaphthalen-2-yl)ethanone: TOXIC DOSE 1-LD > 50 5000 mg/kg (oral rat)

TOXIC DOSE 2-LD > 50 5000 mg/kg (skn-rbt)

pentyl salicylate: LC50 = 15.8 mg/L 83d Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio)

ethanol: LD50 Oral-rat-7.060 mg/kg

Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Other changes.

LC50 Inhalation-rat-10:0-20000 ppm

(b) skin corrosion/irritation: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: rabbit Result:

Method: DOT Corrosive Exposure time: 12:0 am

ethanol: Skin-rabbit

Result: Irritating to skin. -12:0 am

(c) serious eye damage/irritation: ethanol: Eyes-rabbit

Result: Mild eye irritation-12:0 am

(Draize Test)

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: rabbit Result: Caustic Method: DOT  
(d) respiratory/skin sensitisation: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides: Buehler guinea pig Test Classification: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Result: not sensitizing Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Coumarin: Test: Inhalation Sensitization Route: Inhalation Species: Rat = 293 mg/kg

Test: Inhalation Sensitization Route: Inhalation Species: Mouse = 196 mg/kg

(e) germ cell mutagenicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(f) carcinogenicity: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(g) reproductive toxicity: ethanol: Reproductive toxicity-Human-female-Oral

Effects on Newborn: Apgar score (human only). Effects on Newborn: Other measures or neonatal effects.

Effects on Newborn: Drug dependence.

(h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(i) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(j) aspiration hazard: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Related to contained substances:

Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized:

Oral, LD50: 5000 mg / kg (rat)

Dermal, LD50: > 2000 mg / kg (rat)

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 344

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 3340

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 5

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol:

LD50 oral, rat > 5,000 mg/kg oral rat

LD50-4,500 mg/kg Inhalation-rat

LCLO-male and female-8h-0.885 mg/l

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 4500

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 0,885

1-(2,3,8,8-Tetramethyl-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydronaphthalen-2-yl)ethanone:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 5000

Vanillin:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 2000

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 5010

Coumarin:

Acute oral LD50 for rats: 293mg/kg

Acute oral LD50 for mice: 196mg/kg

Irritant data: Not determined

Inhalation data: Not determined

Mutagenicity data: Not determined

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 290

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 242

pentyl salicylate:

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 15,8

ethanol:

ROUTES of EXPOSURE: the substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation of its fumes and ingestion.  
INHALATION RISK: A harmful contamination of the air will be reached quite slowly due to evaporation of the substance at 20 C.

Effects of short-term exposure: the substance is irritating to the eyes. Inhalation of high vapour can cause irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the central nervous system effects of REPEATED EXPOSURE or long term: the liquid degreasing the skin features. The substance may have an effect on the high central nervous system respiratory tract, causing irritation, headaches, fatigue and lack of concentration. See Notes.

ACUTE HAZARDS/Symptoms INHALATION Cough. Headaches. Fatigue. Drowsiness.  
CUTE CUTE.

EYE Redness. Pain. Burning.

SWALLOWED burning sensation. Headaches. Confusion. Vertigo. State of unconsciousness.

N O T and consumption of ethanol during pregnancy can have adverse effects on the unborn child. Chronic ethanol ingestion can cause cirrhosis of the liver.

LD50 (rat) Oral (mg/kg body weight) = 7060

LD50 Dermal (rat or rabbit) (mg/kg body weight) = 20000

CL50 Inhalation (rat) vapour/dust/mist/fume (mg/l/4h) or gas (ppmV/4h) = 116,9

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available.

### 11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:

Related to contained substances:

Fatty acids, C16-18 (even numbered) and C18 unsatd., reaction products with triethanolamine, di-Me sulfate-quaternized:

fish, CL50 : 1,91 mg/l (OECD 203 (96h))

daphnia, CE50 : 2,23 mg/l (EU Method C.2 (48h))

alga, CI50 : 2,14 mg/l (OECD 201 (72h))

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1,91

1

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 0,01

10

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol:

Toxic to fish Lc50 semi-static test-Danio rerio (zebrafish)-8.9 mg/l-96 h

method: OECD 203 semi-static test TG

NOEC-Danio rerio (zebrafish)-5 mg/l-96 h

method: OECD 203 Toxic TG to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates – Daphnia magna Ec50 Immobilization (big water Flea)-14.2 mg/l-48 h method: OECD TG 202 Immobilization NOEC-Daphnia magna (water Flea grande)-8.2

mg/l-48 h Method: OECD TG 202 Toxic for algae growth Inhibition Ec50 Desmodesmus subspicatus-(green algae)-13.2 mg/l-72 h method: OECD 201 TG NOEC growth-inhibitor Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)-8.5 mg/l-72 h

method: OECD 201 TG

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 8,9 1  
1

1-(2,3,8,8-Tetramethyl-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8-octahydronaphthalen-2-yl)ethanone:

Endpoint: LC50 species: *Iepomismacrochirus* (fish-salt Bluegrill) = 1.30 mg/l-h Duration: 96-Note:: method: OECD 203 TG

Endpoint: EC50-species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) = 1.38 mg/l-h Duration: 48-comments:: semi-static test method: OECD TG 202

Endpoint: EC50 *Desmodesmus subspicatus*-species (green algae) = 2.60 mg/l-h Duration: 72-

Note:: static test method: OECD TG201

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 1,3 1  
1

Vanillin:

Semi-static test Lc50-*Pimephales promelas* (Chub)-57 mg/l-96 h

Static Lc50-*Pimephales promelas* (Chub)-88 mg/l-96 h

Flow-through Lc50 test-*Pimephales promelas* (Chub) 53-61.3 mg/l 96 h

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 57 1  
1

Coumarin:

Toxicity to fish LC50 - *Poecilia reticulata* (guppy) - 56 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates LC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 3.5 mg/l - 48 h

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 13,5 1  
1

ethanol:

C(E)L50 (mg/l) = 11200

The product is dangerous for the environment as it is toxic for aquatic organisms following acute exposure.

Use according to good working practices to avoid pollution into the environment.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Related to contained substances:

Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides:

Biodegradability:

OECD Confirmatory > 90% Test Method: OECD 303 A Modified SCAS Test Exposure time: 99% 7 d > Method: OECD Test 302 Evolution CO2 Concentration: 5 mg/litre Exposure time: 28 d Result: Readily biodegradable.

95.5% Method: OECD 301 B

3,7-dimethyloctan-3-ol:

aerobic-28 d exposure time Result: 60-70%-Rapidly biodegradable.

Method: OECD TG 301

pentyl salicylate:

Pentyl 2-hydroxybenzoate is predicted to be readily degradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Related to contained substances:

Coumarin:



Bioaccumulation *Leuciscus idus melanotus* - 3 d -46 µg/l  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 10

#### **12.4. Mobility in soil**

No data available.

#### **12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

Based on the available data, no PBT or vPvB substances are present in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, annex XIII

#### **12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties**

Based on available data, there are no substances that interfere with the Endocrine System in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2017/2100

#### **12.7. Other adverse effects**

No adverse effects

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### **13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Do not reuse empty containers. Dispose of them in accordance with the regulations in force. Any remaining product should be disposed of according to applicable regulations by addressing to authorized companies.

Recover if possible. Send to authorized discharge plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. Operate according to local and National rules in force

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### **14.1. UN number or ID number**

Not included in the scope of application regulations concerning the transport of dangerous goods: by road (ADR); by rail (RID); by air (ICAO / IATA); by sea (IMDG).

#### **14.2. UN proper shipping name**

None

#### **14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

None

#### **14.4. Packing group**

None

#### **14.5. Environmental hazards**

None

**14.6. Special precautions for user**

No data available.

**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

It is not intended to carry bulk

**SECTION 15. Regulatory information****15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Substances in the Candidate List (REACH Article 59)

Based on available data, no SVHC substances are present

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

The supplier has made an assessment of chemical safety

**SECTION 16. Other information****16.1. Other information**

Description of the hazard statements exposed to point 3

H302 = Harmful if swallowed.

H312 = Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 = Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 = Causes serious eye damage.

H400 = Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 = Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H315 = Causes skin irritation.

H317 = May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 = Causes serious eye irritation.

H301 = Toxic if swallowed.

H373 = May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

H225 = Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Classification procedure: Calculation method

Main normative references:

Directive 1999/45/EC

Directive 2001/60/EC

Regulation 1272/2008/EC

Regulation 2010/453/EC

\*\* The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above.

Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of a particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that these are appropriate and complete information regarding the specific use intended.

This data sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.